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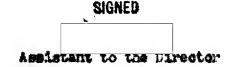
REAR ADMIRAL ROBERT L. DENNISON HENORANDUM POR

MAVAL AIDS TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT:

Estimate of Situation in Guatemala

The Director of Central Intelligence has requested that the subject memorandum be shown to the President. It is to be noted that the information contained therein has not been coordinated with the members of the Intelligence Advisory Committee.



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Enclosure

Memo dtd 11 Jan 52 (from Col. King, OPC, to DD/P - ER 2-4811)

O/DCI: /dr Distribution:

Orig & 1 - Addressee

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Executive Registry
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11 January 1952

Noted by DCI
14 Jan 52-02

MEMORANDUM FOR DEPUTY DIRECTOR, PLANS

SUBJECT: Estimate of Situation in Guatemala

Communist Activities

The Communists continue to be very active in Gustemala and continue to receive Government support. Since the anti-Communist rioting in July 1951 the Communists have softened their overt campaign for immediate action in the political field, but they have forged ahead in the labor movement, succeeding in forming, under the guidance of Vicente LOMBARDO Toledano and Louis SAILLANT, a central labor organisation comprising almost all the unions in the country. The Communist newspaper Octubre is published regularly and circulates freely. It has devoted its columns to anti-United States propaganda and to trying to aggravate the United Fruit Company's labor troubles. The Guatemalan Communists are small in number, but their influence in both government and labor is substantial.

Anti-Communist Activities

The Anti-Communist Party of Guatemala has been formed since the July rioting and has received strong support from the Catholic middle class and from the Indians. The university students have furnished leadership to form a substancial bloc in the Party. They have requested President Arbens to dismiss the Communists holding positions in the Government, and to expell all foreign Communists. The movement continues to develop in all sections of the country.

Political Situation

President ARBENZ has shown no sign of changing the policy set by AREVALO as regards Communism. He has stated his opposition to the anti-Communist movement. Ramiro ORDONEZ Paniagua, lattist Minister of Government, has recently resigned and been replaced by Ricardo CHAVEZ Nackman. CHAVEZ is generally regarded as an anti-Communist. However, on h January 1952 he announced that the government had decided to ban all anti-Communist demonstrations. Colonel PAZ Tejada, who had studiously avoided attending all Communist rallies, but who was forced to attend the last one as the representative of President ARBENZ, has been replaced as Minister of Communications by Colonel Carlos ALDANA Sandoval, an Arbenz supporter. PAZ Tejada has been placed in charge of the construction of the highway to the Atlantic.

Eco	nomic Situation				
and	ARRENZ inherited subsequent threat made the outlook e	to Althorau Tir	conomic picture om Guatemala by	, and the labor to the United Fruit	rouble Company

Conclusions

Communist influence in the Guatemalan government continues to be serious. Rumors persist in Guatemala that President Arbens is ill with leukemia. Efforts to verify these rumors are being made. In the event that ARBENZ were forced to leave his office, Roberto ALVENADO Fuentes, president of the Guatemalan congress, could constitutionally assume presidency. Such an eventuality would further aggravate the situation in Guatemala because ALVENADO Fuentes is a strong Communist supporter having recently attended a Communist sponsored pro-peace meeting in Vienna.

J. CALDWELL KING SA/DD/P-LA

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